

Safety Data Sheet

According to Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

L-HM 100 Anti-wear Hydraulic Oil

Version 1.0

Issue date: 06/11/2020

Revision date: 06/11/2020 SDS record number: CSSS-TCO-010-141135

1. Product and Company Identification

Material name L-HM 100 Anti-wear Hydraulic Oil

CAS # See section 3
Product code 60205822

Product use Comprehensively used in lubrication of high pressure hydraulic system in

engineering machinery, mining machinery, metallurgical equipment and so on.

Manufacturer/Supplier

Supplier(Manufacturer): SINOPEC LUBRICANT CO., LTD.

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2. Hazards identification

GHS classification

Physical hazards Not classified
Health hazards Not classified
Environmental hazards Not classified

GHS label elements

Hazard Pictograms No hazard pictogram is used.

Signal word No signal word is used.

Hazard statement Not applicable.

Precautionary statement

PreventionNot applicable.ResponseNot applicable.StorageNot applicable.DisposalNot applicable.Other hazardsNot available.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Components			CAS#	Percent	
Mineral oil			8042-47-5	97.0 - 99.9%weight	
Phosphorodithioic esters, zinc salts	acid,	O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl	68649-42-3	0.1 - 3.0%weight	

4. First Aid Measures

First aid procedures

Eye contact No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact

lenses, if worn, and flush eyes with water.

Skin contactNo specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and

shoes if contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water.

Discard contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.

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Inhalation

Ingestion

Notes to physician

5. Fire Fighting Measure

Flammable properties

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media
Unsuitable extinguishing media

Firefighting equipment/instructions

Hazardous combustion products

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions

Environmental precautions

Methods for cleaning up

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or respiratory discomfort occurs.

No specific first aid measures are required. Do not induce vomiting. As a precaution, get medical advice.

Treat symptoms.

Not available.

Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds.

Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spilled material.

Do not let product enter drains.

Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

Avoid contaminating soil or releasing this material into sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water. Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating and accumulating an electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use appropriate mitigating procedures. For more information, refer to OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.106, 'Flammable and Combustible Liquids', National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 77, 'Recommended Practice on Static Electricity', and/or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, 'Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents'. Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner

Storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Mineral oil (CAS 8042-47-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Mineral oil (CAS 8042-47-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Mineral oil (CAS 8042-47-5)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash

hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Eye / face protection No special eye protection is normally required. Where splashing is possible, wear

safety glasses with side shields as a good safety practice.

Skin protection No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible,

select protective clothing depending on operations conducted, physical requirements and other substances in the workplace. Suggested materials for

protective gloves include: Neoprene, Nitrile Rubber.

Respiratory protectionNo respiratory protection is normally required. No respiratory protection is ordinarily

required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If

user operations generate an oil mist, determine if airborne concentrations are below the occupational exposure limit for mineral oil mist. If not, wear an approved

respirator that provides adequate protection from the measured concentrations of

this material. For air-purifying respirators use a particulate cartridge. Use a positive

pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators

may not provide adequate protection.

General hygiene Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products,

considerations before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid
Form Liquid

Color Light to Brown
Odor Petroleum odor
Odor threshold Not available

pH Not available

Vapor pressure <0.01 mmHg Maximum @ 37.8 °C (100 °F)

Vapor density >1 Minimum

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Boiling point >280°C (Estimated value)

Melting point/Freezing point Not available

Solubility (water) Insoluble in water.

Density 0.84 kg/l - 0.93 kg/l(20 °C) (68° F)

Flash point (Cleveland Open Cup) 200 °C (392 °F) Minimum

Partition coefficient

Flammability limits in air, upper, %by volume

Flammability limits in air, lower, % by volume

Auto-ignition temperature

VOC

Not available

Not available

Not available

Percent volatile Not available

Molecular Formula Not available

Molecular Weight Not available

Other data

Viscosity 90.0mm2/s-110.0mm2/s @40°C (104° F)

Dissociation constant

Not available

Pour Point:

-12 °C (Typical)

10. Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information

Reactivity The substance is stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials. Heat. Hot surfaces. Flames.

Incompatible materials May react with strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates,

peroxides, etc.

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds.

Possibility of hazardous reactions No hazardous reactions known.

11. Toxicological Information

Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution:

Non-human toxicological data: Not available

Information on toxicological effects:

Acute toxicity:

Mineral oil (CAS#8042-47-5)

LD50(Oral, Rat): > 5000 mg/kg bw LD50(Dermal, Rabbit): > 2000 mg/kg bw LC50(Inhalation, Rat): > 5 mg/L 4 hSkin corrosion/Irritation: Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation: Not classified Not classified Respiratory or skin sensitization: Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity: Carcinogenicity: Not classified Reproductive toxicity: Not classified Not classified STOT- single exposure: STOT-repeated exposure: Not classified Aspiration hazard: Not classified

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity:

Mineral oil (CAS#8042-47-5)

Acute toxicity		Time	Species	Method	Evaluation	Remarks
LL50	> 10000 mg/L	96h	Fish	OECD 203	N/A	N/A
LL50	> 100 mg/L	48h	Daphnia	OECD 202	N/A	N/A
EC50	N/A	72h	Algae	OECD 201	N/A	N/A

Persistence and degradability: This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable. The biodegradability of

this material is based on an evaluation of data for the components or a similar

material.

Bioaccumulative potential:Not available.Mobility in soil:Not available.Results of PBT&vPvB assessment:Not available.Other adverse effects:Not available.

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal instructions Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even

after container is emptied.

14. Transport Information

DOT

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number Not regulated
Proper shipping name Not regulated
Hazard class Not regulated
Packing group Not regulated

Environmental hazards No

IATA

UN number Not regulated
UN proper shipping name Not regulated
Transport hazard class(es) Not regulated
Packing group Not regulated

Environmental hazards No

IMDG

UN number Not regulated
UN proper shipping name Not regulated
Transport hazard class(es) Not regulated
Packing group Not regulated

Environmental hazards No

15. Regulatory Information

US federal regulations

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl Listed.

esters, zinc salts (CAS 68649-42-3)

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl	68649-42-3	0.1 - 3.0%weight
esters, zinc salts		

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

16. Other Information

HMIS®ratings Health: 0

Flammability: 1
Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 0

Flammability: 1 Instability: 0

Disclaimer The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and

experience currently available.

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